NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS PLANT NAMED 'FISUPNIC CHERSWEET'

Genus and species of the plant claimed:

New Guinea Impatiens hawkeri W. Bull (hybrid)

Variety denomination:

5 Fisupnic Chersweet

Background of the Invention

The present invention comprises a new and distinct cultivar of *Impatiens*, botanically

known as New Guinea Impatiens hawkeri, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar name

'Fisupnic Chersweet'.

'Fisupnic Chersweet' is a product of a planned breeding program that originated from

a hybridization made by the inventor, Birgit C. Hofmann, in a controlled breeding program in

Hillscheid, Germany, in 2000.

The female parent was the variety 'Alexis' (U.S. Plant Patent application serial no.

09/765,324, abandoned), characterized by having bi-colored pink and red flowers, blackish-

green foliage, small leaves and relatively short, compact plant habit. The male parent was a

proprietary seedling, designated K00-6162-2 (unpatented), characterized by having bi-

colored light pink and red colored flowers, dark green foliage, and moderately small plant

habit.

'Fisupnic Chersweet' was discovered and selected as a flowering plant within the

progeny of the stated cross by the inventor in April 2001 in a controlled environment in

Galdar, Gran Canaria, Spain.

The first act of vegetative or asexual reproduction of 'Fisupnic Chersweet' was

accomplished when cuttings were taken from the initial selection in July, 2001, in a

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greenhouse in Galdar, Gran Canaria, Spain, by, or under the supervision of the inventor.

Horticultural examination of plants grown from these cuttings initiated in the spring of 2002, in Hillscheid, Germany, and continuing thereafter, has demonstrated that the combination of characteristics as herein disclosed for 'Fisupnic Chersweet' are firmly fixed and are retained through successive generations of asexual reproduction.

'Fisupnic Chersweet' has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary significantly with variations in environment such as temperature, light intensity and day length, without, however, any variation in genotype.

The following observations, measurements, and comparisons describe plants grown in Hillscheid, Federal Republic of Germany, under green-house conditions which approximate those generally used in commercial practice.

Brief Summary of the Invention

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and are determined to be basic characteristics of 'Fisupnic Chersweet', which in combination distinguish this impatiens as a new and distinct cultivar:

- 1. Bi-colored flowers, white to pale pink ground color and purple-red markings;
- 2. relatively large, nearly round, flat to slightly cup-shaped flowers;
- 3. flowers borne on long pedicels well above the foliage;
- 4. dark-green, elliptically shaped leaves;
- 5. vigorous growth, and tall, only moderately tight plant habit; and
 - 6. early to medium flowering response.

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Of the many commercial cultivars known to the inventor, the most similar in comparison to 'Fisupnic Chersweet' is the patented variety 'Fisimp 130' (U.S. Plant Patent no. 13,691), and the parental variety 'Alexis'.

In comparison to 'Fisimp 130', 'Fisupnic Chersweet' has more distinct star-shaped markings on flowers, while 'Fisimp 130' has almost no stripes on petals, only a large splotch on the upper petals. Additionally, 'Fisupnic Chersweet' has a somewhat more bluish hue.

While the foliage appears similar, the plant habit of 'Fisupnic Chersweet' is somewhat taller than that of 'Fisimp 130'.

In comparison to 'Alexis', 'Fisupnic Chersweet' has larger leaves, lighter colored foliage, and much more vigorous growth habit.

Brief Description of the Drawing

The accompanying photographic drawing shows typical flower and foliage characteristics of 'Fisupnic Chersweet' with colors being as true as possible with illustrations of this type. The photographic drawing shows a side view of a typical flowering plant of 'Fisupnic Chersweet'.

Detailed Botanical Description

In the following description color references are made to the Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart (RHS). The color values were determined indoors from plants growing in a green-house in May 2003, Hillscheid, Germany.

The description is based on plants which were planted as rooted cuttings in 12 cm pots in late February 2003, and then grown in the greenhouse at 16°C minimum temperature.

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Most observations and measurements were made after the beginning of flowering in mid May, when the plants were about 12 weeks old.

PLANT:

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General appearance and form:

Plant habit: Tall, mainly upright directed branches, upper surface of canopy

rounded, only moderately tight plant habit; growth is indeterminate,

though relatively weak after beginning of flowering

Height: 19.5 cm

Width: 30.7 cm

Number of branches: 12

Length of branches: 16-19 cm

Internode length: 5.0-6.0 cm

Diameter of branches: 7-9 mm

Stem color: Brown, RHS 179 A to 179 B

Propagation: Usually terminal shoot tips for cuttings

Rooting: Roots initiate in about 18 days at 22°C, from sticking to transplanting

Cultivation time: Producing a marketable flowering plant in a 12 cm pot takes

about 10 weeks of growing time

Foliage:

Leaf arrangement: Primarily in whorls

Shape of leaf: Elliptic, with acute base and acuminate tip, surface glossy and

somewhat rugose

Margin: Slightly serrated, ciliated

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Leaf length:

12.8 cm

Leaf width:

4.3 cm

Upper surface color:

Dark green, uniform, no variegation; mature leaves near

RHS 139 A; young leaves near RHS 139 A;

5 Veins:

Upper surface color dark red, RHS 53A; lower surface color dark red,

about RHS 184 B (both young and mature leaves); veins on lower

surface RHS 53 A

Petiole:

5-15 mm in length, 3 mm in diameter

Petiole color:

Upper side reddish, RHS 53 B-C, lower side RHS 53 A

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Inflorescence

Flowering response: 9-10 weeks after planting of rooted cuttings

Flowering season:

Generally from March to October, depending on light intensity

Flower: Flowers outwardly directed, borne well above the foliage canopy

Number of flowers per node:

6-8, in various stages of development

Form of corolla:

Single-type, 5 petals

Shape of corolla:

Weakly zygomorphic, flat to faintly butterfly-shaped, with the

petals overlapping

Corolla size:

20 Average length:

69 mm

Average width:

65 mm

Depth:

10-15 mm

Shape of petals:

Heart-shaped, slightly lobed at the top end

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Size of petals:

Top petal:

30 mm long, 50 mm wide

Lateral petals:

33 mm long, 40 mm wide,

Lower petals:

33 mm long, 45 mm wide

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Texture:

Smooth ,velvety

Aspect:

Mostly flat

Color (general tonality from a distance of three meters): Bi-colored, almost white to pale bluish-pink ground color and bright red-purple markings, a large spot on the top petals and narrow radial stripes

Upper surface:

Pale bluish-pink RHS 75 C to white, RHS 155 D

Color of markings:

Red, between RHS 52 A and 57 A

Color of eye zone:

Red-purple, RHS 57 A

Color of lower surface:

RHS 58 B to RHS 58 C

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Spur:

Only one spur per flower, downwardly curved, about 50 mm in length,

3 mm in diameter at the flower end; pink, RHS 51 A

Pedicel:

Color light green, RHS 145 B-C; length 65 mm

Flower bud

Ovoid, 22 cm in length, 17 mm in width; color RHS 58 B

Reproductive organs:

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Stamens:

Fused, 6 mm in diameter, upper surface color is mainly RHS 57 B

Anthers:

5 in number, fused, hooded

Pollen:

Whitish-yellow, about RHS 8 D

Style and stigma:

Five in number, very short, reddish, about RHS 53 C

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Ovary:

5-celled, 5 mm long, brown

Disease/pest resistance/susceptibility: No observation made to date